12 - Git basics

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Scientific Programming in Python (2025)

https://atticlectures.net/scipro/python-2025/



Programming project (for lectures)

linsolver

- Program package for solving linear system of equation
- It should offer the Gaussian-elimination method (LU-decomposition)
- It should read data either from file or from console and write results to file or to the console
- It should have an automatic test framework for unit tests
- It should be well documented and cleanly written.

Note: This project serves didactical purposes only, the optimized routines of SciPy should be usually used to solve a linear system of equations.

Create the project folder

- Open a konsole (Linux, Mac) / Git Bash (Win)
- Initialize the right conda environment (scipro)
- Make a new directory (folder) "SciPro"

Change to the directory "SciPro"

Make the (new) directory "linsolver"

```
mkdir linsolver
```

Change to the project directory "linsolver"

```
cd linsolver
```

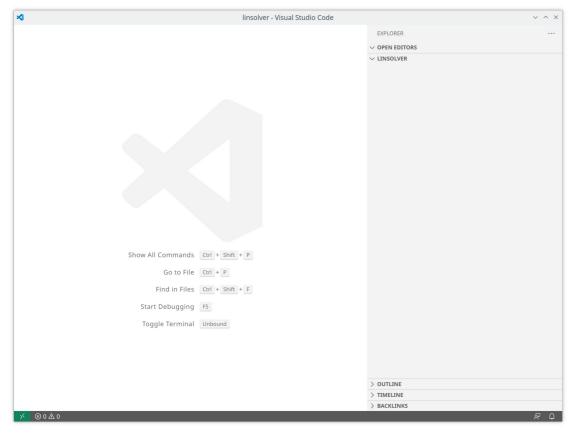
Add initial content to the project

 Download the two project files and put them into the project folder

```
solvers.py
test solvers.py
```

Start VS Code from the project folder

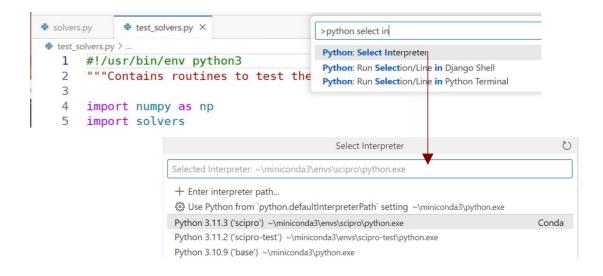




(your editors appearance might differ sligthly)

 Open the two Python files and inspect them (Ctrl-P opens the file search menu)

 Select the Python Interpreter from your Conda environment
 (Ctrl-Shift P opens the command palette)



Run test_solvers.py from within your IDE

```
test_solvers.py X
test_solvers.py > .
  1 #!/usr/bin/env python3
      """Contains routines to test the solvers module"""
      import numpy as np
      import solvers
      def main():
           """Main testing function."""
 10
          print("\nTest 1")
 11
          aa = np.array([[2.0, 4.0, 4.0], [5.0, 4.0, 2.0], [1.0, 2.0, -1.0]])
 12
          bb = np.array([1.0, 4.0, 2.0])
 13
          xx expected = np.array([0.6666666666666667, 0.41666666666667, -0.5])
 14
          xx gauss = solvers.gaussian eliminate(aa, bb)
 15
           check result(xx expected, xx gauss)
 16
 17
          print("\nTest 2")
 18
          aa = np.array([[2.0, 4.0, 4.0], [1.0, 2.0, -1.0], [5.0, 4.0, 2.0]])
 19
          bb = np.array([1.0, 2.0, 4.0])
 20
          xx expected = np.array([0.66666666666667, 0.41666666666667, -0.5])
 21
          xx gauss = solvers.gaussian eliminate(aa, bb)
 22
           check result(xx expected, xx gauss)
 23
                                                                                      ≥ Python + ∨ □ ··· · · ×
PS C:\Users\aradi\8c1Pro\linsolver> & C:/Users/aradi/miniconda3/envs/scipro/python.exe c:/Users/aradi/SciPro/linsolver/test solve
Expected: [ 0.66666667 0.41666667 -0.5
Obtained: [0. 0. 0.]
Expected: [ 0.66666667 0.41666667 -0.5
Obtained: [0. 0. 0.]
Expected: None
Obtained: [0. 0. 0.]
PS C: Wsers\aradi\SciPro\linsolver>
⊗ 0 △ 0
```

Terminal output

If you get various error messages about connection to pylint in Code, install pylint (we'll need it later anyway):

conda install pylint

Run "test_solvers.py" from the command line
 (in a command line window, where Conda had been already activated)

```
python test_solvers.py Windows python3 test_solvers.py Linux
```

The project apparently needs some development ...

• Before you change anything, the project should be set under version control

Typical scenario with version control

Scenario

- New project is started
- Program tested, everything works OK
- New functionality is added
- Suddenly, something does not work as supposed, although it was working before (note: testing framework apparently not satisfactory)

Solution work-flow with version control

- Go back in history
 to the last revision (evtl. by bisection),
 until a correctly working version is found
- Inspect the changes
 introduced in the snapshot (commit) and
 find out the reason for the failure
- Fix the bug in the most recent program version

Version control

Main tasks

- Document development history (store snapshots of the project)
- Help coordinating multiple developers working on the same project
- Help coordinating development of multiple versions of a project

Centralized VC (CVS, Subversion, ...)

- Central server stores history database
- Developer must have connection to the server for most operations (especially for commits, checkouts or browsing history).

Distributed VC (Git, Mercurial, ...)

- Every developer has a local copy of the full development history
- Most operations do not require network connection (except synchronization between developers)

Introduce yourself to git

Enter your name and email address (needed for the logs)

```
git config --global user.name "Bálint Aradi" git config --global user.email "aradi@uni-bremen.de"
```

Specify standard tools to be used

```
git config --global core.editor YOUR_EDITOR
git config --global diff.tool meld
```

- --global stores option globally, otherwise they apply to current project only
- Global options are stored in the ~I.gitconfig file
- Current options can be listed with --list

```
git config --list
```

Windows notepad

MacOS nano

Linux

- nano
- gedit / kate / featherpad / leafpad
- vim, emacs (if you know what you're doing...)

Create a repository

Initialize a repository in the project directory

```
cd ~/SciPro/linsolver/
git init
    Initialized empty Git repository in [...]/SciPro/linsolver/.git/
```

- Files within the project directory can be placed under version control
- Files within the .git directory should not be changed manually
- When copying project directory recursively (including the **.git** subdirectory) the entire revision history is copied

Put files under version control

```
git status
On branch main
No commits yet
Untracked files:
 (use "git add <file>..." to include in what will be committed)
       pycache /
       solvers.py
       test solvers.py
nothing added to commit but untracked files present
(use "git add" to track)
```

Put files under version control

```
git add solvers.py test solvers.py ←
git status
On branch main
No commits yet
Changes to be committed:
 (use "git rm --cached <file>..." to unstage)
       new file: solvers.py
       new file: test solvers.py
Untracked files:
 (use "git add <file>..." to include [...]
       pycache /
```

- Puts files under version control and makes a snapshot of their current state (stage)
- Staged files are written to the database at the next commit

Ignoring files

• Files that should not be be version controlled can be listed in .gitignore in the project directory

```
YOUR EDITOR .gitignore-
                                                        pycache
git add .gitignore
git status
On branch main
No commits yet
Changes to be committed:
  (use "git rm --cached <file>..." to unstage)
       new file: .gitignore
       new file: solvers.py
       new file: test solvers.py
```

• The .gitignore file should be also placed under version control

Commit staged files

• When commit is issued, staged files (in their staged state) are written to the database

```
git commit ←
[main (root-commit) 5270fa1] Kick off project
3 files changed, 58 insertions(+)
 create mode 100644 .gitignore
 create mode 100644 solvers.py
 create mode 100644 test solvers.py
git status
On branch main
nothing to commit, working tree clean
```

Opens editor

Write log message ("Kick off project"), save & exit

Checking project history

Show project history:

```
git log
commit 5270fa191b5cbe7a83e4b1e3d406c37793e4b27a (HEAD -> main)
Author: Bálint Aradi <aradi@uni-bremen.de>
Date: ...

Kick off project
```

- Individual commits are identified by hash checksums
- Checksums can be shortened as long as they are unambiguous
- --oneline option gives a short summary of the log messages (shows also shortened checksums)

```
git log --oneline
5270fa1 (HEAD -> main) Kick off project
```

Checking project history

• Revision history and log messages are shown in reverse time order

```
commit 2a3186299e14575a40b870cc3f8eb21c1e886809
Author: Bálint Aradi <aradi@uni-bremen.de>
Date: ... [earlier]
   Add readme file
commit 04d386638495386aa29ee99e4928aad2e7731f39
Author: Bálint Aradi <aradi@uni-bremen.de>
Date: ...[later]
    Add first stub files
```

• If history is longer than a page, it is shown page-wise via the **default pager** (e.g. less)

Navigation: **[Page Up/Down]** Move up/down q Quit

Git-workflow

Set up git global for your account

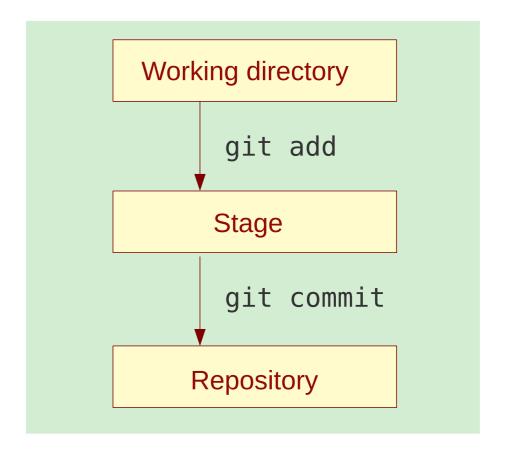
```
git config --global ...
```

Set up the repository for your project

- Edit files in your project
- Stage files / changes

Commit staged changes into repository

```
git commit ...
```



• It is possible to stage all changes in all files which are already under version control:

Some git remarks

- Changes should be committed, if implementation of a feature is finished
- Development history should be easy to follow based on the log messages
- Changes within a commit should be small enough so that a developer can easily follow and understand them.
- Log messages should contain a short sentence (max. 50-60 chars), optionally followed by an empty line and a more detailed description.

(See for example: How to Write a Git Commit Message)

Implement LU-decomposition with back substitution

LU-decomposition is implemented without permutation. Check for linear dependency is not implemented yet.

• Short (one-liner) log messages can be passed on the command line

git commit -m "Add first stub files"